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| **Analysis** | breaking up an event or fact into smaller pieces to study it more closely |
| **Experimental psychologist** | a psychologist who studies behavior in a lab setting |
| **Developmental psychologist** | a psychologist who studies changes in humans as they grow |
| **Clinical Psychologist** | help individuals understand themselves better |
| **Behavioral Science** | the study of human behavior |
| **Nurture** | ​refers to traits and qualities that are learned by organisms as they grow |
| **Nature** | refers to traits and characteristics that are inherited or genetic in origin |
| **Personality** | the combination of experience and hereditary patterns that make every human unique - The “inner you” |
| **Psychology** | the scientific study of behavior and mental processes |
| **Adaptation** | a change in behavior to meet the needs of a changing environment |
| **Heredity** | the passing of characteristics from parents to children through the process of reproduction |
| **Environment** | a person’s surroundings, including people, places, and things |
| **Psychologist** | a person who studies the behavior of human beings |
| **Observation** | watching human behavior and writing down what is seen |
| **Social psychologist** | a psychologist who studies how individuals behave in groups |
| **Extrovert** | an outgoing, overtly expressive person |
| **Stereotype** | a widely held but fixed and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of person or thing |
| **Optimist** | a person who tends to be hopeful and confident about the future or the success of something |
| **Pessimist** | a person who tends to see the worst aspect of things or believe that the worst will happen |
| **Introvert** | a shy, reticent (not revealing one's thoughts or feelings readily) person |
| **Perception** | the process of taking in information from the environment through the senses |